Problems in China Drive Market Volatility

Hello, I'm Dirk Hofschire of Fidelity Investments. I want to share with you a few thoughts about the market volatility that we're seeing here early in 2016. And to me it really does come down to the question about the outlook for China, and that's been in the headlines in recent days and weeks. So, there are two main points to keep in mind of what's going on in China today. The first is that China is facing extraordinary cyclical pressures. It's at the end of a cyclical boom, where it built up too much excess capacity, too much credit, and it's now time to digest that at the same time it's trying to maintain macro stability. So, a very challenging environment in a downshift in growth in China.

The second thing is China is also being squeezed at this point in time by the increase in interest rates that the Federal Reserve has started to initiate here in the U.S. And the reason is that China had kept their exchange rate relatively pegged to the U.S. dollar for quite some time. But it is very difficult to control both your exchange rate and your interest rate. So, as the Federal Reserve moved to tighten, it strengthened the dollar, which strengthened China's currency, and really created a tightening in the Chinese system that made it very, very hard for them to ease its monetary policy. So, what we're seeing now is the culmination of both China's weakness, as well as its efforts to try to ease its currency policy and this has really made the markets much more volatile here in 2016.

Our outlook is that this is going to continue to be a very volatile backdrop for both China as well as the global financial markets. But we are expecting that over the course of 2016 policymakers are going to continue to pour enough fiscal stimulus/monetary stimulus as well as some currency easing into the picture that things will eventually stabilize in China. That will help stabilize the global environment and perhaps even financial markets as well. So, it's quite likely we can continue to see some volatility in the financial markets in the short term, but it's very important to remember your long-

term objectives as an investor. I'm Dirk Hofschire and thank you very much for watching.

Information presented herein is for discussion and illustrative purposes only and is not a recommendation or an offer or solicitation to buy or sell any securities. The views and opinions expressed by the Fidelity speaker are those of their own as of the date of the recording, and do not necessarily represent the views of Fidelity Investments or its affiliates. Any such views are subject to change at any time based upon market or other conditions and Fidelity disclaims any responsibility to update such views. These views should not be relied on as investment advice, and because investment decisions are based on numerous factors, may not be relied on as an indication of trading intent on behalf of any Fidelity product. Neither Fidelity nor the Fidelity speaker can be held responsible for any direct or incidental loss incurred by applying any of the information offered. Please consult your tax or financial advisor for additional information concerning your specific situation.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Diversification does not ensure a profit or guarantee against a loss.

Generally, among asset classes, stocks are more volatile than bonds or short-term instruments and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.

Foreign investments involve greater risks than U.S. investments, and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, and economic risks. Any fixed income security sold or redeemed prior to maturity may be subject to loss.

In general, the bond market is volatile, and fixed income securities carry interest rate risk. (As interest rates rise, bond prices usually fall, and vice versa. This effect is usually more pronounced for longer-term securities). Fixed income securities also carry inflation risk, liquidity risk, call risk, and credit and default risks for both issuers and counterparties. Lower-quality fixed income securities involve greater risk of default or price changes due to potential changes in the credit quality of the issuer.

It is not possible to invest directly in an index. All indices are unmanaged.

Third-party marks are the property of their respective owners; all other marks are the property of FMR LLC.

If receiving this piece through your relationship with Fidelity Institutional Asset Management (FIAM), this publication is provided to investment professionals, plan sponsors, institutional investors, and individual investors by Fidelity Investments Institutional Services Company, Inc., and for certain institutional investors by Pyramis Distributors Corporation LLC.

Products and services provided through Fidelity Personal & Workplace Investing (PWI), Fidelity Family Office Services (FFOS), and Fidelity Institutional Wealth Services (IWS) by Fidelity Brokerage Services LLC, Member NYSE, SIPC.

Products and services provided through Fidelity Capital Markets and National Financial are for institutional investor use only. Fidelity Capital Markets and National Financial are divisions of National Financial Services LLC, Member NYSE, SIPC.

748293.1.0

© 2016 FMR LLC. All rights reserved.